

**In the claims**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (original) A vaccine for alleviating or preventing autoimmune disorders induced by infection with Epstein-Barr virus comprising Epstein-Barr virus or a component thereof in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for administration of the virus or viral component in an amount and mode of administration effective to alleviate or prevent the autoimmune disorders.
2. (original) The vaccine of claim 1 wherein one or more structures of the Epstein-Barr virus are removed or altered to decrease the potential that the vaccine will induce an autoimmune disorder.
3. (original) The vaccine of claim 1 wherein the component of Epstein-Barr virus is selected from the group consisting of peptides or proteins expressed from recombinant DNA or RNA with sequence identity to Epstein-Barr virus, viral DNA or RNA, and carbohydrate components of the Epstein-Barr virus.
4. (original) The vaccine of claim 1 wherein the Epstein-Barr virus comprises the nuclear antigen 1 protein not including a peptide sequence selected from the group consisting of PPPGRRP, GRGRGRGG and RGRGREK.
5. (original) The vaccine of claim 1 in a pharmaceutical carrier for administration by injection.

6. (original) A diagnostic test comprising  
reagents which can be used to detect levels of antibodies to Epstein-Barr virus, indicators  
of Epstein-Barr infection of cells, or levels of Epstein-Barr DNA or protein in a patient, and  
control samples from individuals not at risk of developing an autoimmune disease, and  
means for determining the differences in levels of a patient and control samples to  
distinguish individuals at higher risk of developing an autoimmune disease from those at lower  
risk of developing an autoimmune disease.

7. (original) The diagnostic test of claim 6 wherein the reagents are used in assays based  
upon the relative presence of an antibody, cellular proliferation, molecular binding, cytokine  
production, skin reaction, or cell surface antigen.

8. (currently amended) The diagnostic test of claim 6 wherein the reagents are used to  
detect antibodies to peptides from Epstein-Barr virus selected from the group consisting of  
PPPGRRP (SEQ ID NO:1), GRGRGRGG (SEQ ID NO:2), RGRGREK (SEQ ID NO:3),  
GAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA (SEQ ID NO:7),  
GPQRRGGDNHGRGRGRGRGGGRPG (SEQ ID NO:13), GGSGSGPRHRDGVRPQKRP  
(SEQ ID NO:14), RPQKRPSC (SEQ ID NO:15), QRPSCIGCKGTHGGTG (SEQ ID NO:16),  
GTGAGAGAGRGG (SEQ ID NO:17), SGGRGRGG (SEQ ID NO:18), RGGSGGRRGRGR  
(SEQ ID NO:19), RARGRGRGRGEKPRS (SEQ ID NO:20), SSSSGSPPRPPPGR (SEQ ID  
NO:21), RPPPGRRPFFHPVGEADYFEYHQEG (SEQ ID NO:22), PDVPPGAI (SEQ ID  
NO:23), PGAIEQGPA (SEQ ID NO:24), GPSTGPRG (SEQ ID NO:25), GQGDGGRRK (SEQ

ID NO:26), DGGRRKKGGWFGKHR (SEQ ID NO:27), GKHRGQGGSN (SEQ ID NO:28),  
GQGGSNPK (SEQ ID NO:29), NPKFENIA (SEQ ID NO:30), RSHVERTT (SEQ ID NO:31),  
VFVYGGSKT (SEQ ID NO:32), GSCTSLYNL (SEQ ID NO:33), GMAPGPGP (SEQ ID  
NO:34), PQPGPLRE (SEQ ID NO:35), CNIRVTVC (SEQ ID NO:36), RVTVCASFDDG (SEQ  
ID NO:37), PPWFPPMVEG (SEQ ID NO:38).

9. (currently amended) The diagnostic test of claim 8 comprising reagents for detection of antibodies to GAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA (SEQ ID NO:7).

10. (original) The diagnostic test of claim 6 for testing patients identified with or at risk of developing systemic lupus erythematosus comprising control samples from individuals with systemic lupus erythematosus.

11. (original) A method for preventing or alleviating autoimmune disorders induced by infection with Epstein-Barr virus comprising

vaccinating or administering to a individual at risk of developing, or who has been identified as having symptoms associated with, an autoimmune disorder induced by infection with Epstein-Barr virus,

Epstein-Barr virus or a component thereof in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for administration of the virus or viral component in an amount and mode of administration effective to alleviate or prevent the autoimmune disorders.

12. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein one or more structures of the Epstein-Barr virus are removed or altered to decrease the potential that the vaccine will induce an autoimmune disorder.

13. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the component of Epstein-Barr virus is selected from the group consisting of peptides or proteins expressed from recombinant DNA or RNA with sequence identity to Epstein-Barr virus, viral DNA or RNA, and carbohydrate components of the Epstein-Barr virus.

14. (currently amended) The method of claim 11 wherein the Epstein-Barr virus comprises the nuclear antigen 1 protein not including a peptide sequence selected from the group consisting of PPPGRRP (SEQ ID NO:1), GRGRGRGG (SEQ ID NO:2) and RGRGREK (SEQ ID NO:3).

15. (currently amended) The method of claim 11 wherein the individual has symptoms of or is at risk of developing an autoimmune disorder selected from the group consisting of systemic lupus erythematosus, Sjogren's syndrome, rheumatoid arthritis, juvenile onset diabetes mellitus, Wegener's granulomatosis, inflammatory bowel disease, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, multiple endocrine failure, Schmidt's syndrome, autoimmune uveitis, Addison's disease, adrenalitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, Graves' disease, thyroiditis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, autoimmune thyroid disease, pernicious anemia, lupoid hepatitis, demyelinating diseases, multiple sclerosis, subacute cutaneous lupus erythematosus, hypoparathyroidism, Dressler's syndrome, myasthenia gravis, autoimmune thrombocytopenia, idiopathic

thrombocytopenic purpura, hemolytic anemia, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, pemphigus vulgaris, pemphigus, bullous pemphigoid, dermatitis herpetiformis, alopecia areata, autoimmune cystitis, pemphigoid, scleroderma, progressive systemic sclerosis, CREST syndrome (calcinosis, Raynaud's esophageal dysmotility, sclerodactyly, and telangiectasia), adult onset diabetes mellitus (Type II diabetes), male or female autoimmune infertility, ankylosing spondylitis, ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, mixed connective tissue disease, polyarteritis nodosa, systemic necrotizing vasculitis, juvenile onset rheumatoid arthritis, glomerulonephritis, atopic dermatitis, atopic rhinitis, Goodpasture's syndrome, Chagas' disease, sarcoidosis, rheumatic fever, asthma, recurrent abortion, anti-phospholipid syndrome, farmer's lung, erythema multiforme, postcardiotomy syndrome, Cushing's syndrome, autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, bird-fancier's lung, allergic encephalomyelitis, toxic necrodermal lysis, alopecia, Alpoit's syndrome, alveolitis, allergic alveolitis, fibrosing alveolitis, interstitial lung disease, erythema nodosum, pyoderma gangrenosum, transfusion reaction, chronic fatigue syndrome, fibromyalgia, Takayasu's arteritis, Kawasaki's disease, polymyalgia rheumatica, temporal arteritis, giant cell arteritis, Sampter's syndrome (triaditis also called, nasal polyps, eosinophilia, and asthma), Behcet's disease, Caplan's syndrome, dengue, encephalomyositis, endocarditis, myocarditis, endomyocardial fibrosis, endophthalmitis, erythema elevatum et diutinum, psoriasis, erythroblastosis fetalis, fascitis with eosinophilia, Shulman's syndrome, Felty's syndrome, filariasis, cyclitis, chronic cyclitis, heterochromic cyclitis, Fuch's cyclitis, IgA nephropathy, Henoch-Schonlein purpura, glomerulonephritis, geardiomyopathy cardiomyopathy,

post vaccination syndromes, Hodgkin's and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, renal cell carcinoma, Eaton-Lambert syndrome, relapsing polychondritis.

~~14~~ 16. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~9~~ 11 wherein the vaccine is administered prior to infection with Epstein-Barr virus.

~~15~~ 17. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~9~~ 11 wherein the vaccine is administered to an individual who has or has previously had an infection with Epstein-Barr virus.

~~16~~ 18. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~9~~ 11 wherein the autoimmune disorder is systemic lupus erythematosus.

~~17~~ 19. (currently amended) A method for determining the likelihood that an individual has an autoimmune disorder induced by Epstein-Barr virus, or is at risk for developing such an autoimmune disorder, comprising

obtaining a sample from the individual to be tested,

mixing the sample with reagents which can be used to detect levels of antibodies to Epstein-Barr virus, indicators of Epstein-Barr infection of cells, or levels of Epstein-Barr DNA or protein in a patient,

analyzing the sample, and

comparing the analysis of the sample with results obtained with control samples from individuals not at risk of developing an autoimmune disease to determine if the differences in levels of the individual and control samples indicates the individual is at a higher risk of

developing an autoimmune disease than controls who are at lower risk of developing an autoimmune disease.

~~18~~ 20. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~17~~ 19 wherein the reagents are used in assays based upon the relative presence of an antibody, cellular proliferation, molecular binding, cytokine production, skin reaction, or cell surface antigen.

~~19~~ 21. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~17~~ 19 wherein the reagents are used to detect antibodies to peptides from Epstein-Barr virus selected from the group consisting of PPPGRRP (SEQ ID NO:1), GRGRGRGG (SEQ ID NO:2), RGRGREK (SEQ ID NO:3), GAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA (SEQ ID NO:7), GPQRRGGDNHGRGRGRGRGGGRPG (SEQ ID NO:13), GGSGSGPRHRDGVRPQKRP (SEQ ID NO:14), RPQKRPSC (SEQ ID NO:15), QKRPSCIGCKGTHGGTG (SEQ ID NO:16), GTGAGAGARGRGG (SEQ ID NO:17), SGGRGRGG (SEQ ID NO:18), RGGSGGRRGRGR (SEQ ID NO:19), RARGRGRGRGEKRPRS (SEQ ID NO:20), SSSSGSPPRRPPPGR (SEQ ID NO:21), RPPPGRPFHPVGEADYFEYHQEG (SEQ ID NO:22), PDVPPGAI (SEQ ID NO:23), PGAIEQGPA (SEQ ID NO:24), GPSTGPRG (SEQ ID NO:25), GQGDGGRRK (SEQ ID NO:26), DGGRRKKGGWFGKHR (SEQ ID NO:27), GKHRGQGGSN (SEQ ID NO:28), GQGGSNPK (SEQ ID NO:29), NPKFENIA (SEQ ID NO:30), RSHVERTT (SEQ ID NO:31), VFVYGGSKT (SEQ ID NO:32), GSKTSLYNL (SEQ ID NO:33), GMAPGPGP (SEQ ID NO:34), PQPGPLRE (SEQ ID NO:35), CNIRVTVC (SEQ ID NO:36), RVTVCSFDDG (SEQ ID NO:37), PPWFPPMVEG (SEQ ID NO:38).

24 23. (currently amended) A method for screening of therapeutics for prevention or alleviation of autoimmune disorders induced by infection with Epstein-Barr virus comprising administering the therapeutic to be tested to an animal vaccinated with Epstein-Barr virus or a component thereof in an amount and mode of administration effective to induce an autoimmune response.

22 24. (currently amended) The method of claim 24 23 further comprising administering the therapeutic to an animal which does not develop an autoimmune response when vaccinated with the same composition effective in another strain of the animal, and determining the difference in response to the therapeutic.

~~23~~ 25. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~22~~ 24 wherein the animals are mice.

**24 26.** (currently amended) A method for screening for genetic markers or risk factors for development of autoimmune disorders induced by infection with Epstein-Barr virus comprising comparing the responses of different strains of the same species of an animal vaccinated with Epstein-Barr virus or a component thereof in an amount and mode of administration effective to induce an autoimmune response in at least one of the strains and comparing the differences in the genetics of the different strains to identify potential genetic markers or risk factors.